

Species

ISSUE 64

2023 Report

of the IUCN Species Survival Commission and Secretariat



The IUCN Species Survival Commission (SSC)

The IUCN Species Survival Commission (SSC) is a science-based network of thousands of volunteer experts from almost every country of the world, all working together toward achieving the vision of "a just world that values and conserves nature through positive action to both prevent the loss and aid recovery of the diversity of life on earth."

Members of SSC belong to one or more of near 200 Specialist Groups, Red List Authorities, Action Partnerships, Task Forces, and Conservation Committees that make up the Network, each focusing on a taxonomic group (plants, fungi, mammals, birds, reptiles, amphibians, fishes, and invertebrates), national species, or a disciplinary issue, such as sustainable use and livelihoods, translocation of species, wildlife health, climate change, and conservation planning.

Framed by the Species Conservation Cycle, SSC's major role is to provide information to IUCN on biodiversity conservation, the inherent value of species, their role in ecosystem health and functioning, the provision of ecosystem services, and their support to human livelihoods. This information is fed into the IUCN Red List of Threatened Species.

2021-2025 Species Strategic Plan

The IUCN Species Strategic Plan encompasses the joint work of the IUCN Species Survival Commission and a number of partnerships to achieve more than 2,700 targets proposed by the Network during the 2021-2025 quadrennium.

To accomplish those targets, the Species Conservation Cycle was established, which is the conceptual framework for the Network activities. The Species Conservation Cycle's main purpose is to guide efforts for valuing and conserving biodiversity through three essential components that are linked to each other:

ASSESS: Understand and inform the world about the status and trends of biodiversity.

PLAN: Develop collaborative, inclusive and science-based conservation strategies, plans and policies.

ACT: Convene and mobilise conservation actions to improve the status of biodiversity.



Their implementation requires two transversal components:

NETWORK: Enhance and support our immediate network and alliances to achieve our biodiversity targets.

COMMUNICATE: Drive strategic and targeted communications to enhance our conservation impact.

SSC Species Report

Annual progress in the implementation of the 2021-2025 Species Strategic Plan is documented in the SSC Species Report, which consists of a comprehensive description and analysis of the activities and results generated by the members of the SSC Network and Centers for Species Survival (CSS) each year. Each SSC and CSS group contributes to this document by providing a yearly summarised description of their achievements, which is presented in standalone reports.

Structure of the IUCN SSC and CSS Stand-alone Reports

Stand-alone reports summarize the activities conducted and results generated by each group member of the SSC and CSS. Following, is the structure of the stand-alone report and the contents under each session.

Title of the group

Photograph(s) of the Chair/Co-Chairs

Group information

Includes names of Chair/Co-Chairs, Vice-Chairs, Deputy Chairs, Red List Authory Coordinators, Program Officers, Species Survival Directors, and Species Survival Officers, their institutional affiliations, number of members and social networks currently active.

Logo of the group

Mission statement

Includes the mission of the group.

Projected impact for the 2021-2025 quadrennium

Includes the description of the impact on species conservation resulting from the implementation of the targets formulated by the group for the 2021-2025 quadrennium.

Targets for the 2021-2025 quadrennium

Includes the targets planned by the SSC or CSS group for the 2021-2025 quadrennium ordered alphabetically by component of the Species Conservation Cycle. Each target is labeled with a numerical code (e.g., T-001, T-012) that identifies it in the SSC DATA database and its status for the reported year is indicated (Not initiated, On track or Achieved).

Activities and results

Includes the targets for which activities were conducted and results were generated during the reported year, ordered alphabetically, first by component of the Species Conservation Cycle, and second by Activity Category. Description of activities and results includes the indicator that best describes progress, its associated quantitative or qualitative result, and the narrative description of the activity conducted or result obtained. Each activity or result reported is linked to the Key Species Result to which it is mainly associated (e.g., KSR#1, KSR#5).

Acknowledgements

Includes the acknowledgements to funding agencies, partners, and persons who contributed to the progress of the targets of the group.

Summary of achievements

Summarises information of the group's strategic plan for the quadrennium and progress achieved implementing targets for all the components of the Species Conservation Cycle during the reported year.

Animalia

Fungi

Plantae

National Species

Disciplinary

Action Partnership

Task Force

Red List Authority

Committe

Center for Species Survival

Example for the recommended citation:

Collette, B. 2024. 2023 Report of the Tuna and Billfish Specialist Group. In: IUCN SSC and Secretariat. 2023 Report of the IUCN Species Survival Commission and Secretariat. Gland, Switzerland: IUCN. 4 pp.



2023 Report

IUCN SSC Tuna and Billfish Specialist Group





CHAIR
Bruce B. Collette
Division of Fishes,
National Museum
of Natural History,
Smithsonian
Institution, US

RED LIST AUTHORITY COORDINATOR Beth Polidoro

Julie Ann Wrigley Global Institute of Sustainability, Arizona State University, Phoenix, US

NUMBER OF MEMBERS

10

Mission statement

To bring together a variety of stakeholders to increase knowledge on the global status and conservation of the world's Tuna and Billfish species.

Projected impact 2021–2025

The provisioning of updated Red List assessments of the world's Tuna and Billfish species will highlight which conservation and research actions over the past 10 to 12 years have resulted in improved (or worsened) population status for selected species.

Targets 2021–2025 ASSESS

T-001 Reassess all 61 species of Tunas and Billfishes on the Red List.

Status: Achieved

NETWORK

T-002 Recruit 15 new members before December 2023. Status: On track

COMMUNICATE

T-003 Publish a scientific journal article on the results of Tuna and Billfish reassessments.

Status: On track

Activities and results 2023

ASSESS

Red List

T-001 Reassess all 61 species of Tunas and Billfishes on the Red List. (KSR 6)

Number of global Red List reassessments completed: 48

Result description: We submitted to the Red List Unit all the reassessments for Tunas and Billfishes in May 2023.

NETWORK

Membership

T-002 Recruit **15** new members before **December 2023.** (KSR 2)

Number of SSC members recruited: 5 Result description: We are in the process of recruiting additional members to the specialist group based on our completed reassessments of the world's Tuna and Billfishes in June 2023.

COMMUNICATE

Scientific meetings

T-003 Publish a scientific journal article on the results of Tuna and Billfish reassessments. (KSR 12)

Number of SSC members recruited: 2 Result description: We presented the results of the Tuna and Billfish reassessments at the annual Joint Meeting of Ichthyologists and Herpetologists (JMIH) meeting in Norfolk, VA in July 2023. We also published a news article with these results in *Oryx* (Link).

Summary of achievements

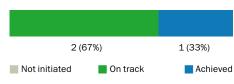
Total number of targets 2021–2025: 1 Geographic regions: 1 Body of water,

2 Global

Actions during 2023:

Assess: 1 (KSR 6) Network: 1 (KSR 2) Communicate: 1 (KSR 12)

Overall achievement 2021-2025:





Joint Meeting of Ichthyologists and Herpetologists Meeting Norfolk July 2023 Photo: Beth Polidoro

